

Park Nicollet Methodist Hospital Antimicrobial Stewardship – An Approach to Sustained Improvement

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Actions Taken

Background

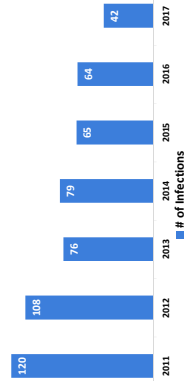
Park Nicollet Methodist Hospital, a 424-bed community hospital near Minneapolis, MN, has been developing its Antimicrobial Stewardship (AMS) Program for over a decade. In 2011, 0.2 full-time equivalents (FTE) of pharmacist (PharmD) time were dedicated to AMS work. Initial AMS efforts included, for select antimicrobials/antibiotics (abx):

- Monitoring utilization trends
- Criterion Based Prescribing (CBP) at order verification
- Intravenous (IV) to oral (PO) conversion protocols
- Infectious disease (ID) order-set development
- Collaborative Practice Agreement (CPA) in Emergency Center (EC) for abx selection based on culture results
- In July 2016 the AMS program expanded to provide 1.0 FTE dedicated AMS PharmD for standard work to include:
 - Retrospective and prospective intervention on CBP and broad-spectrum abx through daily (weekday) review
 - Implement policy changes to optimize lab utilization: removing reflexive urine culture from standard nursing orders in EC, Clostridium difficile (Cdiff) PCR only orderable by clinicians, and standardizing empirical therapy for bacteremia detected with rapid molecular diagnostics prior to sensitivities
 - Creating clinical pathways for common conditions
 - Following conversion to a more reliable abx utilization tool (09/2016), enhanced utilization metrics/tracking

Since July 2017, the AMS program has further expanded:

- Providing 0.125 ID physician FTE for AMS team rounding
- Required indications in electronic medical record (EMR)
- 48 hour time out in EMR
- Further lab optimization (e.g. Cdiff orders reviewed by ID prior to approval/collection)
- Benchmarking antibiotic utilization through submission of data to two nationwide antimicrobial utilization databases

Hospital Associated C-Difficile



January 2011

- 0.2 PharmD FTE allocated to focus on:
 - Criterion Based Prescribing
 - IV : Oral conversion
 - Monitoring utilization
 - EC Collaborative Practice

July 2016

- PharmD FTE 1.0
 - Retrospective & prospective feedback/intervention
 - Lab optimization efforts
 - More robust utilization metrics and analysis

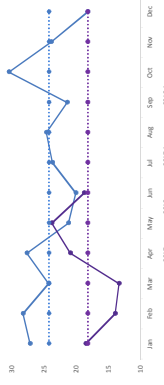
July 2017

- 0.125 ID physician FTE
 - Daily ID rounds (L335 patients in first 12 months)
 - Indications required in EMR
 - Nationwide benchmarking
 - Further lab optimization

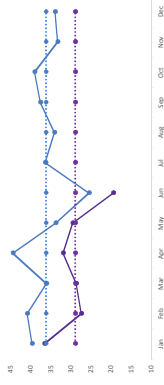
Results: Impact on Antimicrobial Utilization

Drug/Drug Class (IV&PO if applicable)	2017 Avg DoT/1K pt days	Jan-Jul 2017 Avg DoT/1K pt days	Jan-Jul 2018 Avg DoT/1K pt days	% Change (Jan-Jul)	% Change (Jan-Jul vs Jan-Jul 2018)
Fluoroquinolones	36.2	36.7	28.8	-21.6%	-20.6%
Clindamycin	17.2	16.4	17.6	7.4%	2.4%
Carbapenems	24.3	29.6	18.9	-22.2%	-22.0%
Vancomycin	15.3	15.7	15.6	-0.1%	-0.1%
Ceftriaxone	55.3	55.7	52.6	-3.4%	-4.1%
Piperacillin/tazobactam	80.6	92.1	70.7	-23.2%	-22.0%
Anti-pseudomonal	158.1	161.3	132.1	-18.1%	-16.5%
Total IV (ABX ONLY)	445.2	449.2	413.5	-7.1%	-7.1%
Total PO (ABX ONLY)	115.9	115.1	115.7	0.1%	-0.1%
Total IV&PO (ABX ONLY)	560.4	563.4	528.1	-6.6%	-6.1%

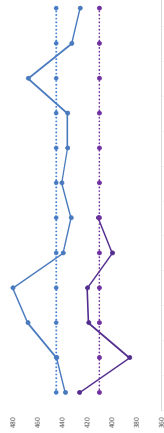
Carbapenems DoT/1K Pt Days



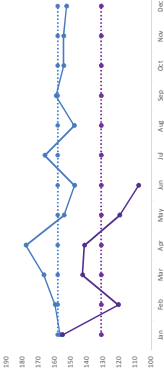
Fluoroquinolones IV&PO DoT/1K Pt Days



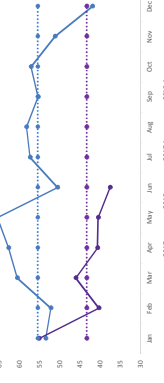
All Intravenous abx DoT/1K Pt Days



Anti-pseudomonal DoT/1K Pt Days



Vancomycin IV DoT/1K Pt Days



Multi-department partnership to decrease incidence of Cdiff

- Infection Prevention-(IP)-led team: IP, ID physician, AMS PharmD, Environmental Services, Quality Improvement, Nursing
- Improvements included: criteria-based testing for Cdiff, standardized UA/UC ordering process, monitoring of all patients admitted with a previous history of Cdiff, pharmacist-clinician rounding, updated cleaning procedures of all rooms/equipment

Disclosure

The authors of this Storyboard have nothing to disclose concerning possible financial or personal relationships with commercial entities that may have a direct or indirect interest in the subject matter of this content.